

The Royal Navy 1793 1815 Battle Orders

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The Royal Navy 1793-1815
By the end of the Napoleonic Wars in 1815 Britain was the undisputed master of the seas, owing to the power and strength of the Royal Navy. Its fleets, comprising ships of the line, frigates, and gunboats, had doubled in size since the outbreak of the French Revolutionary Wars in 1793, totalling almost a thousand capital vessels.~~

~~**The Royal Navy 1793-1815 (Battle Orders)**- Amazon.co.uk~~

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~~**The Royal Navy 1793—1815—Osprey Publishing**~~

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~~**The Royal Navy 1793-1815 by Gregory Fremont-Barnes**~~

The author provides a detailed study of the number of frigates available to the Royal Navy, where they were obtained, and the costs of their construction and repair, during the period of the study. He concludes that the Royal Navy managed an impressive accomplishment in maintaining a large number of frigates in service despite limited resources.

~~**The Frigate Situation of the Royal Navy 1793-1815**~~

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With the beginning of the war with Revolutionary France in 1793, parliament decreed that the manpower in the Royal Navy should increase to 45,000 (the population of England before the first census of 1801 was estimated at 8.6 million).

~~**The British Navy, 1793-1802—napoleon.org**~~

Royal Naval Pay from 1793 to 1815 Royal Naval Pay from 1793 to 1815 References: Royal Maritime Society; Broadside; Craig V. Fisher; Naval Chronicle; Brian Lavery, Nelson's Navy; Blake & Lawrence, The Illustrated companion to Nelson's Navy.

~~**Royal Naval Pay from 1793 to 1815—Blogger**~~

During 1793-1815, Britain had one of the biggest navies in the world; they were seen as the 'rulers of the waves' due to their military prowess, and France wanted to overthrow them.

~~**How accurate is it to say that the Royal Navy ruled the**~~

The Royal Navy (RN) is the United Kingdom's naval warfare force. ... (1793–1801) and Napoleonic Wars (1803–1814 & 1815) saw the Royal Navy reach a peak of efficiency, dominating the navies of all Britain's adversaries, which spent most of the war blockaded in port.

~~**Royal Navy—Wikipedia**~~

Ray Costello (Black Salt) and Charles Foy have done much work on the presence of sailors of African origin in the Royal Navy before, during and after the Napoleonic Wars of 1793-1815.(1) I would recommend their work to anyone with an interest in the subject. The Battle of Trafalgar and Black Sailors in the Royal Navy.

~~**Black sailors in the Royal Navy during the Napoleonic Wars**~~

Royal Navy Officers List (1793-1815) For nearly two decades Patrick Marioné has been collecting information on the commissioned sea officers of the Royal Navy of the French Revolutionary and Napoleonic Wars 1793–1815, known to the British participants simply as the Great War.

~~**Patrick Marioné**~~
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The 1806 Club

The Age of Nelson. The Royal Navy in the Age of Its Greatest Power and Glory, 1793-1815 G. J. Marcus

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French Revolutionary and Napoleonic Wars (1793–1815) The French Revolutionary Wars of 1793–1802 and the Napoleonic Wars of 1803–15 saw the Royal Navy reach a peak of efficiency, dominating the navies of all Britain's adversaries.

~~**History of the Royal Navy (after 1702)—Wikipedia**~~

The early Restoration period (1660–77) This list includes several earlier ships which were rebuilt for the Royal Navy in this period—specifically the first-rate Prince Royal (in 1663), the second-rate Victory (in 1666), the third-rate Montague (in 1675) and the fourth-rates Bonaventure (in 1663) and Constant Warwick (in 1666). The process, which generally involved the dismantling in dry ...

~~**List of ships of the line of the Royal Navy—Wikipedia**~~

?By the end of the Napoleonic Wars in 1815 Britain was the undisputed master of the seas, owing to the power and strength of the Royal Navy. Its fleets, comprising ships of the line, frigates, and gunboats, had doubled in size since the outbreak of the French Revolutionary Wars in 1793, totalling alm...

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With few exceptions, existing research in British social and maritime history has never focused on the presence and role of Scotsmen in the Royal Navy of the French Wars era (1793-1815), on their identification and self-presentation within this institution, and on attitudes towards naval warfare in Scotland more generally.

~~**Scotland, Scottishness, British Integration and the Royal**~~

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These records, from series ADM 196, are the service records of officers who joined the Royal Navy between 1756 and 1931. They include service records for commissioned officers joining the Navy up to 1917 and warrant officers joining up to 1931. They also feature the records of Royal Marines officers commissioned between 1793 and 1925.